sica, flying from her house just in time to save her life from the adherents of Paoli, to find herself in grandeur in Paris. She saw her son just before he left, as she thought, for America, and then retired to the Einuccini — now the Bonaparte — Palace at Rome, where she died in 1836. She had been anxious to join Napoleon at St. Helena, and had refused, as long as Napoleon was alive, to forgive her daughter Caroline, the wife of Murat, for her abandonment of her brother. She was buried at Albano.

Letitia's youngest daughter, beautiful but frail Pauline, Duchess of Guastalla, married first to General Leclerc, and then to Prince Camille Nice when Borghese, at was brother abdicated in 1814. She retired with her mother to Borne, and in October, 1814, went to Elba, staying there till Napoleon left, except when she was sent to Naples with a message of forgiveness for Murat. There was a characteristic scene between her and Colonel Campbell when the English Commissioner arrived to find Napoleon gone. Pauline professed ignorance till the last of her brother's intentions, and pressed the Colonel's hand to her heart that he might feel how agitated she was. She did not appear to be so/' says the battered old Colonel, who seems to have been proof against her charms. She then went to Borne, and later to Pisa. Her health was failing, and, unable to join her brother in "France, she sent him her only means of assistance, her jewels, which were captured at Waterloo. Her offer to go to St. Helena, repeated several times, was never accepted by Napoleon. She died in 1825 at Florence, from consumption, reconciled to her husband, from whom she had been separated .since 1807. She was buried at Sta Maria Maggiore, Eome.
Elisa, the eldest sister of Napoleon, the former Grand Duchess of Tuscany, which Duches had ruled well being

Elisa, the eldest sister of Napoleon, the former Grand Duchess of Tuscany, which Duchy she had ruled well, being a woman of considerable talent, was the first of all to die. In 1814 she had been forced to fly from her Government, and, accompanied by her husband, she had attempted to reach France. Finding herself cut off by the Austrians, she took shelter with Augereau's army, and then returned to Italy. She took the title of Comtesse de Campignano, and retired to